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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/566,350	01/27/2006	Tetsuro Tateishi	KUZ0028USNP	2515
26259 LICATA & TY	7590 04/10/200 RRELL P.C.	EXAMINER		
66 E. MAIN ST	REET	PURDY, KYLE A		
MARLTON, NJ 08053			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1611	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			04/10/2008	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

poreilly@licataandtyrrell.com

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/566,350	TATEISHI ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Kyle Purdy	1611				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	L. viely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01/27	7/2006. 10/22/2007 and 02/27/20	08.				
·= · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
·= ·	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
,—	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9 and 11-20</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-9 and 11-20</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	•					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acce		Examiner				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) DNotice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ite				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) Other:						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) L Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

Status of Application

1. The Examiner acknowledges receipt of the amendments filed on 02/27/2008 wherein claims 1-20 are pending, claims 7 has been amended and claim 20 is newly added.

2. Claims 1-20 are presented for examination on the merits. The following rejections are made.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claim 20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Modamio et al. (International Journal of Pharmaceutics, 1998, 173, 141-148; of record) in view of Hirano et al. (US 6495159; of record).
- 5. Applicants are claiming an adhesive patch having a pressure-sensitive adhesive layer comprising bisoprolol wherein the composition of the pressure-sensitive adhesive layer contains an acrylic polymer obtained by copolymerizing a methacrylic ester with a methacrylic acid comprising a carboxyl group wherein the patch further comprises a backing contacting the pressure-sensitive adhesive layer.
- 6. Modiamo and Hirano are relied upon for disclosure described in the rejection of claim 1 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) found on pages 3-6 in the office action mailed on 12/11/2007.

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7. Modiamo fails to teach a patch which contains a backing layer contacting the pressure-

sensitive adhesive layer.

8. The teaching of Hirano cures such a deficiency. Hirano teaches a patch (see abstract and

Figure 1) that possesses a backing layer (i.e. drug permeable membrane) which is in direct

contact with the pressure-sensitive adhesive layer.

9. It would have been obvious to one ordinarily skilled in the art, at the time the invention

was made, to combine the teachings of Modiamo and Hirano with a reasonable expectation for

success in arriving at a transdermal patch wherein the adhesive layer is contacting a backing

layer. The significance of Modiamo is that it motivates using bisoprolol in a transdermal patch

by disclosing that topical/transdermal delivery is a useful means for delivering pharmaceuticals

like bisoprolol. Still however, Modiamo fails to teach a patch for delivering the drug. Hirano

teaches a patch system for delivering a serotinin receptor antagonist. The patch of Hirano possess

a backing layer directly attached to the adhesive layer. The claim would have been obvious to a

person ordinarily skilled in the art because such a person has a good reason to pursue known

options within his or her technical grasp. If such an undertaking leads to the inventions success,

it is likely that the product is not one of innovation, but rather a product of ordinary skill and

common sense. Therefore, the invention as a whole is *prima facie* obvious to one ordinary skill

in the art at the time the invention was made, as evidenced by the references, especially in

absence of evidence to the contrary.

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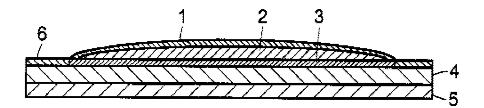
10. Applicants arguments filed 02/27/2008 regarding the rejection of claim 15 made by the Examiner under 35 USC 112, second paragraph have been fully considered and persuasive. This rejection is withdrawn.

- 11. Applicants arguments filed 02/27/2008 regarding the rejection of claim 1-9 and 11-19 made by the Examiner under 35 USC 103(a) have been fully considered but, respectfully are not found persuasive.
- 12. Applicants arguments filed 02/27/2008 regarding the rejection of claims 1-9 and 11-19 made by the examiner under 35 USC 103(a) is **MAINTAINED** for the reasons of record in the office action mailed on 12/11/2007.
- 13. In regards to the 103(a) rejection encompassing claims 1-9 and 11-19, Applicant asserts the following:
- **A)** Modiamo describes an *in vitro* permeation experiments and fails to teach a patch using bisoprolol;
 - **B)** Hirano fails to teach a drug as being present in the pressure sensitive adhesive layer;
- C) Neither Higo nor Hirano specifically teach a patch using an acrylic polymer, and that the reference of Higo teaches away from using an acrylic polymer by reciting, ".... SIS, PIB and blends of the two materials are most preferable"; and
 - **D)** The references are totally silent with regard to the patch being of controlled release.
- 14. With respect to assertion A) from above, the fact that Modiamo is drawn to an *in vitro* experiment is considered moot because the study still addresses the issue of the penetration rate

of bisoprolol across a section of human skin which, absent contrary results, would likely have the same properties *in vivo*. On that note, it is unclear why Applicant is arguing properties which are not present in the claims.

15. It is duly noted that Modiamo does not expressly disclose of a patch containing bisoprolol. Modiamo does however state that topical application of pharmaceuticals (such as bisoprolol) is useful for delivery of drugs with systemic activity. Such a recitation would necessarily motivate one of ordinarily skilled in the art to develop a means for delivering pharmaceutical agents across the skin via topical application of a transdermal patch. Moreover, as noted in the previous office action, Modiamo states that the transdermal pathway is of potential interest for the administration of drugs, which would again motivate one having ordinary skill to look to the art to identify a means for effectively administering pharmaceuticals such as bisoprolol across the skin in a safe and effective manner. The teaching of Modiamo would have led one of ordinary skill to combine the reference with that of Hirano and Higo to arrive at a patch with the instantly claimed properties.

16. With respect to assertion B) from above, Hiranos' invention would necessarily have to contain the drug in the adhesive layer. Applicant is directed to Figure 1 below:



Structure 2 is a drug containing pocket separated from the pressure sensitive adhesive layer 4 by a drug permeable membrane 3. It follows that as the medicine traverses the permeable

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membrane, it would necessarily be present in the adhesive layer. Applicants' argument is not found persuasive.

17. With respect to assertion C) from above, the fact that Higo states that "SIS and PIB are

preferable" does not teach away from using other disclosed options. The term 'preferable' does

not preclude someone from trying the other compounds listed that are disclosed to be useful for

the very same purpose. Applicant also asserts that neither of Hirano or Higo specifically teaches

a patch using an acrylic polymer. Applicant is mistaken. Hirano teaches a composition for a

pressure-sensitive adhesive in Example 2 comprising 2-ethylhexyl acrylate/ethyl acrylate-vinyl

acetate copolymer which is structurally similar to the acrylic polymer instantly claimed in claims

3, 4 and 15.

18. With respect to assertion D) from above, Applicant is arguing details that are not

presently claimed.

Maintained Rejections
Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

19. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the

manner in which the invention was made.

20. Claims 1-9 and 11-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable

over Modamio et al. (International Journal of Pharmaceutics, 1998, 173, 141-148; of

record) in view of Hirano et al. (US 6495159; of record) and Higo et al. (US 5866157; of

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record), further evidenced by Walters (Transdermal Drug Delivery, 1989, New York, NY,

pp. 197-246).

21. The rejection of claims 1-9 and 11-19 under 35 USC 103(a) using the references above is

maintained for the reasons of record set forth on pages 3-7 of the office action mailed on

12/11/2007.

Conclusion

22. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time

policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

23. A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing

date of this final action.

24. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Kyle A. Purdy whose telephone number is 571-270-3504. The

examiner can normally be reached from 9AM to 5PM.

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25. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Michael Woodward, can be reached on 571-272-8373. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

26. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/Kyle Purdy/ Examiner, Art Unit 1611 March 4, 2008 /Michael P Woodward/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1615